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Safety data sheet according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

Printing date 04.01.2021 Revision: 09.11.2020

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

- · 1.1 Product identifier For Industrial, professional and consumer only
- · Trade name: Coach Enamel Colour (Contains Lead)
- 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Surface Coating
- · Application of the substance / the mixture

Surface Coating

Use of the substance/preparation: Restricted to industrial and professional coatings, plastics and roadmarking.

Description of Uses for Pigment Yellow 34 CAS No. 1344-37-2:

REACH/16/3/0: Distribution and mixing of pigment powder in an industrial environment into solvent-based paints for non-consumer use. REACH/16/3/1: Industrial application of paints on metal surfaces (such as machines vehicles, structures, signs, road furniture, coil coatng, etc.) REACH/16/3/2: Professional, non-consumer application of paints on metal surfaces (such as machines, vehicles, structures, signs, road, furniture, etc.) or as road marking.

Use of the substance/preparation: Restricted to industrial and professional coatings, plastics and roadmarking.

Description of Uses for Pigment Red 104 Cas No 12656-85-8:

REACH/16/3/6: Distribution and mixing of pigment powder in an industrial environment into solvent-based paints for non-consumer use. REACH/16/3/7: Industrial application of paints on metal surfaces (such as machines vehicles, structures, signs, road furniture, coil coating, etc.) REACH/16/3/8: Professional, non-consumer application of paints on metal surfaces (such as machines, vehicles, structures, signs, road furniture, etc.) or as road marking.

Synthetic Topcoat

- · 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
- · Supplier:

Paintman Paint Ltd.
Unit 7 Trinity Park Industrial
Estate,
Sloswicke Drive,
Retford
Nottinghamshire
DN22 7WQ

- · Further information obtainable from: sales@paintman.co.uk
- · 1.4 Emergency telephone number: +44 (0) 1777 710100 (Business hours)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

- · 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
- · Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Flam. Liq. 3 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

Resp. Sens. 1 H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin Sens. 1 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Carc. 1B H350 May cause cancer.

Repr. 1A H360Df May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.

STOT RE 1 H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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Trade name: Coach Enamel Colour (Contains Lead)

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· Additional information:

Contains: C.I. Pigment Yellow 34 Restricted to Professional and Industrial Users. Authorisation number: REACH/16/3/0, REACH/16/3/1, REACH/16/3/2

Contains: C.I. Pigment Red 104 Restricted to Professional and Industrial Users. Authorisation number: REACH/16/3/6, REACH/16/3/7, REACH/16/3/8

· 2.2 Label elements

· Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation.

· Hazard pictograms







GHS02

GHS08

· Signal word Danger

· Hazard statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H350 May cause cancer.

H360Df May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P241 *Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting] equipment.*

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water [or shower].

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

· Additional information:

Contains lead. Should not be used on surfaces liable to be chewed or sucked by children.

- · 2.3 Other hazards
- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · **PBT**: Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

- · 3.2 Chemical characterisation: Mixtures
- · **Description:** Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

· Dangerous components:					
EC number: 919-446-0	Hydrocarbons, C9-12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, >10)- <u>≤</u> 25%			
Reg.nr.: 01-2119458049-33-xxxx	, ,				
	🊸 Flam. Liq. 3, H226; 🕸 STOT RE 1, H372; Asp. Tox. 1,				
	H304; ♠ Aquatic Chronic 2, H411; ♠ STOT SE 3, H336				

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Trade name: Coach Enamel Colour (Contains Lead)

EC number: 919-857-5	Hydrocarbons, C9 - C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,	Contd. of page >10-≤25°
Reg.nr.: 01-2119463258-33-xxxx	<2% aromatics	
U	♠ Flam. Liq. 3, H226; ♠ Asp. Tox. 1, H304; ♠ STOT SE 3, H336	
CAS: 1344-37-2	Lead sulphochromate yellow (PY34)	>2.5- <u>≤</u> 10
EINECS: 215-693-7 Reg.nr.: 01-2119502446-46-0003	 Resp. Sens. 1, H334; Carc. 1B, H350; Repr. 1A, H360Df; STOT RE 2, H373; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410; Skin Sens. 1, H317 	
CAS: 12656-85-8	Lead chromate molybdate sulphate (PR104)	>2.5-≤10
CAS: 12030-63-6 EINECS: 235-759-9 Reg.nr.: 01-2119491303-42-0003	& Resp. Sens. 1, H334; Carc. 1B, H350; Repr. 1A,	>2.3- <u>≤</u> 10
CAS: 138-86-3 EINECS: 205-341-0	4-isopropenyl-1-methylcyclohexane Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; Aquatic	>2.5-≤10
Reg.nr.: 01-2120766421-57-0000		
EC number: 918-668-5	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	>1-≤2.5°
Reg.nr.: 01-2119455851-35-xxxx	♠ Flam. Liq. 3, H226; ♠ Asp. Tox. 1, H304; ♠ Aquatic Chronic 2, H411; ♠ STOT SE 3, H335-H336	
CAS: 96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	≤1%
EINECS: 202-496-6 Reg.nr.: 01-2119539477-28	♦ Carc. 2, H351; ♦ Eye Dam. 1, H318; ♦ Acute Tox. 4, H312; Skin Sens. 1, H317	
CAS: 136-52-7	cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	≤1%
EINECS: 205-250-6 Reg.nr.: 01-2119524678-29	♦ Repr. 1B, H360F; ♦ Aquatic Acute 1, H400; ♦ Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Skin Sens. 1, H317; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	
CAS: 108-88-3	Toluene	≤1%
EINECS: 203-625-9 Reg.nr.: 01-2119471310-51-xxxx	Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Repr. 2, H361d; STOT RE 2, H373; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; STOT SE 3, H336; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 PBT; vPvB	
CAS: 22464-99-9	2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	≤1%
EINECS: 245-018-1	🔖 Repr. 2, H361d; 🕠 Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2,	
Reg.nr.: 01-2119979088-21	H319	
SVHC		
1344-37-2 Lead sulphochromate	yellow (PY34)	
12656-85-8 Lead chromate molyl	ndate sulphate (PR104)	

SECTION 4: First aid measures

- · 4.1 Description of first aid measures
- · General information: Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.
- · After inhalation:

Supply fresh air and call for a doctor.

In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

Supply fresh air; consult doctor in case of complaints.

- · After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water.
- · After swallowing:

Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help immediately and show safety datasheet or label.

- 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed No further relevant information available.
- 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Treat symptomatically.

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Treatment: The presence of lead in the body can be detected by determining the amount of this substance in the blood and/or urine.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

- · 5.1 Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents:

CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.

- · For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: Water with full jet
- · 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

During heating or in case of fire poisonous gases are produced.

Reactivity: May be dissolved in strong acids or alkalis. In the event of a fire, oxides of lead, chromium and antimony may be generated.

- · 5.3 Advice for firefighters
- · Protective equipment: Mount respiratory protective device.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

· 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Mount respiratory protective device.

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

Do not allow product to reach sewage system or any water course.

Prevent seepage into sewage system, workpits and cellars.

Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system.

Do not allow to enter sewers/surface or ground water.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust).

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

· 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Keep receptacles tightly sealed.

Ensure good ventilation/extraction at the workplace.

Open and handle receptacle with care.

Prevent formation of aerosols.

Hygiene measures:

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Information about fire - and explosion protection:

Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.

Protect against electrostatic charges.

Keep respiratory protective device available.

- · 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- · Storage:
- · Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risk of fires, all contaminated materials should be [stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting self-closing lids.] or [laid out flat in a single layer to dry] or [placed in a metal container soaked with water] or [washed out well with warm soapy water before disposal.] Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at (Contd. on page 5)

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the end of each working day and stored outside.

- · Information about storage in one common storage facility: Not required.
- · Further information about storage conditions:

Keep receptacle tightly sealed and in a well-ventilated place.

Keep away from heat.

· 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

, to speed.	, to specific one assets, and permanent analysis.		
SECTIO	SECTION 9. Eurogyung controls brong on all protection		
SECTIO	SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection		
· Additional	l inform	ation about design of technical facilities: No further data; see item 7.	
· 8.1 Contro	l paran	neters	
	_	mit values that require monitoring at the workplace:	
		- C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,	
<2% arom			
		value: 1200 mg/m ³	
		petroleum), light aromatic	
		alue: 100 mg/m³	
96-29-7 2-			
		alue: 1 mg/m³, 0.3 ppm	
		s(2-ethylhexanoate)	
		alue: 0.1 mg/m³	
108-88-3 7	o; Carc	, sen	
		284 makus 100 mmu	
	WEL Short-term value: 384 mg/m³, 100 ppm Long-term value: 191 mg/m³, 50 ppm		
Sk Sk			
· DNELs			
	ons, C9	2-12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes,cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	
Oral		26 mg/day (Con)	
Dermal		26 mg/day (Con)	
		44 mg/day (Ind)	
Inhalative	DNEL	$71 \text{ mg/m}^3 (Con)$	
		$330 \text{ mg/m}^3 (Ind)$	
Hydrocarb	ons, C	- C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,	
<2% arom	atics		
Oral	DNEL	125 mg/day (Con)	
Dermal	DNEL	125 mg/day (Con)	
		208 mg/day (Ind)	
Inhalative	DNEL	$185 \text{ mg/m}^3 (Con)$	
		871 mg/m³ (Ind)	
1344-37-2	1344-37-2 Lead sulphochromate yellow (PY34)		
Oral		0.0013 mg/day (Ind)	
Dermal			
	12656-85-8 Lead chromate molybdate sulphate (PR104)		
Oral		0.0013 mg/day (Ind)	
Dermal		5 mg/day (Ind)	
Inhalative	DNEL	$0.006 mg/m^3 (Ind)$	

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		(Contd. of page
138-86-3 4	-isopro	penyl-1-methylcyclohexane
Oral	DNEL	4.76 mg/day (Con)
Dermal	DNEL	111 mg/day (Con)
		222 mg/day (Ind)
Inhalative	DNEL	$8.33 mg/m^3 (Con)$
		33.3 mg/m³ (Ind)
Solvent na	phtha (petroleum), light aromatic
Oral	DNEL	11 mg/day (Con)
Dermal	DNEL	11 mg/day (Con)
		25 mg/day (Ind)
Inhalative	DNEL	$32 \text{ mg/m}^3 (Con)$
		$150 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ (Ind)}$
96-29-7 2-	butanoi	ne oxime
Dermal	DNEL	0.78 mg/day (Con)
		1.3 mg/day (Ind)
Inhalative	DNEL	$2.7 mg/m^3 (Con)$
		$9 mg/m^3 (Ind)$
108-88-3 T	oluene	
Oral	DNEL	8.13 mg/day (Con)
Dermal	DNEL	226 mg/day (Con)
		384 mg/day (Ind)
Inhalative	DNEL	$56.5 mg/m^3 (Con)$
		$192 \text{ mg/m}^3 (Ind)$

· PNECs

CAS No 1344-37-2 Lead Sulphochromate & CAS No 12656-85-8 Lead chromate molybdate sulphate.

PNEC (Water)

PNEC aqua (freshwater) 0.1 mg/l

PNEC aqua (marine water) 0.01 mg/l PNEC (Sediment)

PNEC sediment (freshwater) 148 mg/kg dwt Chromate

PNEC sediment (marine water) 14.8 mg/kg dwt Chromate PNEC (Soil)

PNEC soil 29.5 mg/kg dwt Chromate PNEC (STP)

PNEC sewage treatment plant1000 mg/l

· Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.

· 8.2 Exposure controls

- · Personal protective equipment:
- · General protective and hygienic measures:

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Store protective clothing separately.

· Respiratory protection:

When spraying the product, use a respiratory protective device.

Wear a respirator type APF 20, FFP3 (EN 149:2001) or equivalent.

· Protection of hands:

When skin exposure may occur, advice should be sought from the glove supplier on appropriate types and usage times for this product.



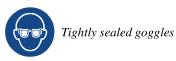
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Trade name: Coach Enamel Colour (Contains Lead)

· Eye protection:



SECTION 9: Physical and chemi	ical properties
9.1 Information on basic physical and c	hemical properties
General Information	
Appearance: Form:	Liquid
Colour:	Liquid According to product specification
Odour:	Characteristic
Odour threshold:	Not determined.
pH-value:	Not determined.
Change in condition	
Melting point/freezing point:	Undetermined.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:: 135 °C
Flash point:	>30 °C
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not applicable.
Ignition temperature:	>200 °C
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined.
Auto-ignition temperature:	Product is not selfigniting.
Explosive properties:	Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosive
	vapour mixtures are possible.
Explosion limits:	
Lower:	0.6 Vol %
Upper:	7 Vol %
Vapour pressure at 20 °C:	2 hPa
Density at 20 °C:	1.055 g/cm^3
Relative density	Not determined.
Vapour density	Not determined.
Evaporation rate	Not determined.
Solubility in / Miscibility with	
water:	NOT MISCIBLE
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	Not determined.
Viscosity:	
Dynamic at 20 °C:	250 mPas
Kinematic:	Not determined.
Solvent content:	
Organic solvents:	40.9 %
Water:	0.0 %
Solids content:	58.8 %
9.2 Other information	No further relevant information available.

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- · 10.1 Reactivity No further relevant information available.
- · 10.2 Chemical stability
- Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: No decomposition if used according to specifications.
- · 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reactions known.
- · 10.4 Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.
- · 10.5 Incompatible materials: No further relevant information available.
- · 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

Thermal decomposition or burning may release oxides of lead, chromium and antimony, toxic gases/vapours.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

- · 11.1 Information on toxicological effects
- · Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

		vant for classification: 2, n-alkanes, isoalkanes,cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)
Oral	LD50	>15,000 mg/kg (Rat)
0.444		
Dermal	LD50	>3,400 mg/kg (Rab)
	l	13.1 mg/l (Rat)
Hydrocarb <2% arom		C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,
Oral	LD50	>5,000 mg/kg (Rat)
Dermal	LD50	>5,000 mg/kg (Rat)
1344-37-2	Lead sulp	hochromate yellow (PY34)
Oral	LD50	>10,000 mg/kg (rat)
12656-85-	8 Lead chr	romate molybdate sulphate (PR104)
Oral	LD50	>10,000 mg/kg (Rat)
138-86-3 4-isopropenyl-1-methylcyclohexane		
Oral	LD50	>2,000 mg/kg (Rat)
Dermal	<i>LD50</i>	>5,000 mg/kg (Rab)
Solvent na	phtha (pet	troleum), light aromatic
Oral	LD50	3,492 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal	<i>LD50</i>	3,160 mg/kg (Rab)
Inhalative	LC50/4 h	>6.193 mg/l (rat)
96-29-72-	butanone (oxime
Oral	LD50	2,326 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal	<i>LD50</i>	1,000 mg/kg (Rab)
		200-2,000 mg/kg (rat)
Inhalative	LC50/4 h	>4.8 mg/l (rat)
108-88-3	Toluene	
Oral	LD50	5,580 mg/kg (Rat)
Dermal	<i>LD50</i>	5,000 mg/kg (Rab)
T 1 1	1.050// 1.	20 mg/l (Rat)

- · Primary irritant effect:
- · Skin corrosion/irritation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Serious eye damage/irritation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Respiratory or skin sensitisation

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

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- · CMR effects (carcinogenity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)
- · Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Carcinogenicity

The EC classifies C.I. Pigment Yellow 34 and C.I. Pigment Red 104 as carcinogenic category 1B. May cause cancer.

· Reproductive toxicity

The EC classifies C.I. Pigment Yellow 34 and C.I. Pigment Red 104 as toxic for reproduction category 1A. May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.

· STOT-single exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· STOT-repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

The EC classifies C.I. Pigment Yellow 34 and C.I. Pigment Red 104 as STOT repeated exposure Cat. 2 (route: oral, target organs: liver, kidney, nervous system).

LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)

1600 mg/kg bodyweight/day

NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)

288 mg/kg bodyweight/day

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

· Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

- · 12.1 Toxicity
- · Aquatic toxicity:

CAS No 1344-37-2 Lead sulphochromate & CAS No 12656-85-8 Lead chromate molybdate sulphate.

LC50 fishes 1 > 10000 mg/l Leuciscus idus 96h (test method comparable to OECD 203)

EC50 Daphnia 1 > 100 mg/l Daphnia magna 48h (test method comparable to OECD 202)

EC50 other aquatic organisms 1 > 100 mg/l Scenedesmus subspicatus 72h (OECD 201)

LC50 fish 2 > 100 mg/kg Oncorhychus mykiss 96h

EC50 other aquatic organisms 2 > 10000 ml/l Pseudomonas putida 30m

NOEC (chronic) 0.7 mg/l Daphia magna 21d

NOEC chronic fish 1 mg/l Pimephales promelas 60d

NOEC (additional information) Ecotoxicity data based on tests on similar product.

Acute Fish toxicity

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (content of benzene less than 0,1 %)

LC50 9.22 mg/l

Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

Exposure duration: 96 h

Acute toxicity for daphnia

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (content of benzene less than 0,1 %)

EC50 6.14 mg/l

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Exposure duration: 48 h

Acute toxicity for algae

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (content of benzene less than 0,1 %)

ErC50 2.9 mg/l

Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)

Exposure duration: 72 h

Acute bacterial toxicity

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (content of benzene less than 0,1 %)

EC50 1 - 10 mg/l

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (content of benzene less than 0,1 %)

Chronic aquatic toxicity: Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

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environment. Data based on the safety data sheet (SDS) by the supplier.

- · 12.2 Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available.
- · 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

CAS No 1344-37-2 Lead sulphochromate & CAS No 12656-85-8 Lead chromate molybdate sulphate.

Bioconcentration factor (BCF REACH) < 2000

Log Pow Not Applicable

Log Kow Not Applicable

Bioaccumulative potential Due to the very low solubility of C. I. Pigment Yellow 34 in water the bioavailability of the substance is expected to be low. Therefore, the bioaccumulation potential of the substance is expected to be low.

- · 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- · Ecotoxical effects:
- · Remark: Toxic for fish
- · Additional ecological information:
- · General notes:

Water hazard class 2 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): hazardous for water

Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.

Danger to drinking water if even small quantities leak into the ground.

Also poisonous for fish and plankton in water bodies.

Toxic for aquatic organisms

- · 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · PBT: Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.
- · 12.6 Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

- · 13.1 Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

- · Uncleaned packaging:
- · Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information		
· 14.1 UN-Number · ADR, IMDG, IATA	UN1263	
· 14.2 UN proper shipping name		
$\cdot ADR$	1263 PAINT, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS	
\cdot $IMDG$	PAINT (Lead sulphochromate yellow (PY34),	
	DIPENTENE), MARINE POLLUTANT	
· IATA	PAINT	

- · 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
- · ADR, IMDG



· Class 3 Flammable liquids.

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le liquids.
ntains environmentally hazardous substances hochromate yellow (PY34), 4-isopropenyl-1
iochromaie yettow (F134), 4-tsopropenyt-1 phexane
h and tree) h and tree)
<u> </u>
Flammable liquids.
ıble.
net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml
net quantity per outer packaging: 1000 ml
net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml
net quantity per outer packaging: 1000 ml
PAINT, 3, III, ENVIRONMENTALL
'n

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

- · 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- · Directive 2012/18/EU
- · Named dangerous substances ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.
- · Seveso category
- E2 Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment

P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

- Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements 200 t
- Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements 500 t

· LIST OF SUBSTANCES SUBJECT TO AUTHORISATION (ANNEX XIV)

1344-37-2 Lead sulphochromate yellow (PY34)

Sunset date: 2015-05-21 (Contd. on page 12)

Printing date 04.01.2021 Revision: 09.11.2020

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12656-85-8 Lead chromate molybdate sulphate (PR104)

Sunset date: 2015-05-21

· REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 ANNEX XVII Conditions of restriction: 3, 28, 30, 47, 72

· Regulation (EU) No 649/2012

1344-37-2 Lead sulphochromate yellow (PY34)

Annex I Part 1

- · National regulations:
- · Additional classification according to Decree on Hazardous Materials, Annex II:

Carcinogenic hazardous material group III (dangerous).

· Information about limitation of use:

Workers are not allowed to be exposed to the hazardous carcinogenic materials contained in this preparation. Exceptions can be made by the authorities in certain cases.

· Technical instructions (air):

Class	Share in %
I	0.3
II	8.9
NK	40.9

- · Waterhazard class: Water hazard class 2 (Self-assessment): hazardous for water.
- · Other regulations, limitations and prohibitive regulations
- · Substances of very high concern (SVHC) according to REACH, Article 57

REACH Candidate List (Substance of Very High Concern): C.I. Pigment Red 104 has been added to the "Candidate List" of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC).

REACH ANNEX XIV: C.I. Pigment Yellow 34 is listed in Annex XIV of Regulation (EC) 1907/2006.

REACH ANNEX XVII: The use of the pigment is restricted in Annex XVII of REACH, entries 28 and 30.

Directive 2004/37/EC: Protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens or mutagens at work

Directive 92/85/EEC: Protection of pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or are breastfeeding

Directive 94/33/EC: Minimum requirements for the protection of young people at work

Regional legislation: Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures.

1344-37-2 Lead sulphochromate yellow (PY34)

12656-85-8 Lead chromate molybdate sulphate (PR104)

• 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

Respiratory Sensitisation: Based on the available case reports such as the European Union Risk Assessment Report (RAR), it is concluded that hexavalent chromium compounds can cause occupational asthma and respiratory sensitisation. As Cr (VI) is a transformation product of this pigment, this information can be read across to address the respiratory sensitising potential of C.I. Pigment Yellow 34 and C.I Pigment Red 104. The likelihood of respiratory sensitization of C.I. Pigment Yellow 34 and C.I Pigment Red 104 is however considered very low due to very poor bioavailability. No information is available for C.I. Pigment Yellow 34 and C.I Pigment Red 104.

Skin sensitisation: Available information for hexavalent chromium, Cr (VI), including the European Union Risk Assessment Report (RAR), can be read across to address the skin sensitising potential of C.I. Pigment Yellow 34 and C.I Pigment Red 104. It can be assumed that the skin sensitising properties of this transformation product Cr (VI) can be held responsible for the skin sensitising potential of the pigment. The likelihood of skin sensitization of C.I. Pigment Yellow 34 and C.I Pigment Red 104 is however considered very low due to very poor bioavailability. No information is available for C.I. Pigment Yellow 34 and C.I Pigment Red 104.

Carcinogenicity: As noted in the OSHA Lead Standard, repeated and prolonged exposures may cause delayed effects involving the blood, gastro-intestinal, nervous and reproductive systems. Chronic overexposure may

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cause effects of chronic lead toxicity. "Chromium and certain chromium compounds" are currently classified by IARC (Group 2B) as possible carcinogens but it is stipulated that 'the compound(s) responsible for the carcinogenic effect in humans cannot be specified'. ACGIH currently lists 'chromates of lead' as 'substances suspect of carcinogenic potential for man' (see appendix A2 of ACGIH TLV booklet). EPA's health assessment document for chromium states that 'animal cancer bioassay studies suggest that hexavalent chromium compounds (particularly soluble and sparingly soluble compounds) are probably the etiological agent in chromium related human cancer. Data supporting this position exists in both rats and humans. Rat bronchial implant studies have shown that only calcium, strontium and zinc chromates produced statistically significant increases in the numbers of bronchial carcinomas while no such increases were seen with seven different samples of lead chromate pigments (Levy et al., 1986). All hexavalent chromium compounds (including lead chromates) are considered to be suspect human carcinogens. However, available epidemiological evidence on C.I. Pigment Yellow 34 and Red 104 does not confirm this position. In every case where excess lung cancer incidences have been reported, exposure was either to zinc chromate alone or involved mixed exposures to various combinations of zinc, lead, strontium and barium chromates. In the studies where exposure was reported to be C.I. Pigment Yellow 34 and Red 104 alone, no increased incidence in lung cancer was observed.

· Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3:

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
- H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H318 Causes serious eye damage.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H350 May cause cancer.
- H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
- H360Df May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.
- H360F May damage fertility.
- H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
- H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- *H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.*
- H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

· Department issuing SDS: Product safety department: LABORATORY

- · Contact: Health & Safety Officer
- · Abbreviations and acronyms:

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH)

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern

vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids – Category 2

Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids – Category 3

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Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity - dermal - Category 4

Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2

Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 1

Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2

Resp. Sens. 1: Respiratory sensitisation – Category 1

Skin Sens. 1: Skin sensitisation - Category 1

Carc. 1B: Carcinogenicity – Category 1B Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity – Category 2

Repr. 1A: Reproductive toxicity - Category 1A Repr. 1B: Reproductive toxicity – Category 1B Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2

STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3

STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) - Category 1

STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 2

Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard – Category 1

Aquatic Acute 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute aquatic hazard - Category 1

Aquatic Chronic 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard - Category 1

Aquatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard - Category 2

Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard - Category 3